

**ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE  
INSURANCE REGULATION**

**CHAPTER 482-1-130**

**RECOGNITION OF THE 2001 CSO MORTALITY TABLE  
FOR USE IN DETERMINING MINIMUM RESERVE LIABILITIES  
AND NONFORFEITURE BENEFITS**

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**482-1-130-.01 Authority.** This chapter is adopted pursuant to Sections 27-2-17, 27-15-28, 27-15-28.1, and 27-36-7, Code of Alabama 1975.

**Author:** Commissioner of Insurance

**Statutory Authority:** Code of Alabama 1975, §§ 27-2-17, 27-15-28, 27-15-28.1, and 27-36-7

**History:** New December 1, 2003, Effective January 1, 2004.

**482-1-130-.02 Purpose.** The purpose of this chapter is to recognize, permit and prescribe the use of the 2001 Commissioners Standard Ordinary (CSO) Mortality Table in accordance with Sections 27-15-28, 27-15-28.1, and 27-36-7, Code of Alabama 1975, and Chapter 482-1-120.

**Author:** Commissioner of Insurance

**Statutory Authority:** Code of Alabama 1975, §§ 27-2-17, 27-15-28, 27-15-28.1, and 27-36-7

**History:** New December 1, 2003, Effective January 1, 2004.

**482-1-130-.03 Definitions.** For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions apply:

(a) 2001 CSO MORTALITY TABLE. The mortality table, consisting of separate rates of mortality for male and female lives, developed by the American Academy of Actuaries CSO Task Force from the Valuation Basic Mortality Table developed by the Society of Actuaries Individual Life Insurance Valuation Mortality Task Force, and adopted by the NAIC in December 2002. The 2001 CSO Mortality Table is included in the Proceedings of the NAIC (2nd Quarter 2002). Unless the context indicates otherwise, the “2001 CSO Mortality Table” includes both the ultimate form of that table and the select and ultimate form of that table and includes both the smoker and nonsmoker mortality tables and the composite mortality tables. It also includes both the age-nearest birthday and age-last-birthday bases of the mortality tables.

(b) 2001 CSO MORTALITY TABLE (F). The mortality table consisting of the rates of mortality for female lives from the 2001 CSO Mortality Table.

(c) 2001 CSO MORTALITY TABLE (M). The mortality table consisting of the rates of mortality for male lives from the 2001 CSO Mortality Table.

(d) COMPOSITE MORTALITY TABLES. The mortality tables with rates of mortality that do not distinguish between smokers and nonsmokers.

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(e) **SMOKER AND NONSMOKER MORTALITY TABLES.** The mortality tables with separate rates of mortality for smokers and nonsmokers.

**Author:** Commissioner of Insurance

**Statutory Authority:** Code of Alabama 1975, §§ 27-2-17, 27-15-28, 27-15-28.1, and 27-36-7

**History:** New December 1, 2003, Effective January 1, 2004.

**482-1-130-.04 2001 CSO Mortality Table.**

(1) At the election of the company for any one or more specified plans of insurance and subject to the conditions stated in this chapter, the 2001 CSO Mortality Table may be used as the minimum standard for policies issued on or after January 1, 2004, and before the date specified in Paragraph (2) to which Sections 27-15-28, 27-15-28.1, and 27-36-7, Code of Alabama 1975, and Chapter 482-1-120 are applicable. If the company elects to use the 2001 CSO Mortality Table, it shall do so for both valuation and nonforfeiture purposes.

(2) Subject to the conditions stated in this chapter, the 2001 CSO Mortality Table shall be used in determining minimum standards for policies issued on and after January 1, 2009, to which Sections 27-15-28, 27-15-28.1, and 27-36-7, Code of Alabama 1975, and Chapter 482-1-120 are applicable.

**Author:** Commissioner of Insurance

**Statutory Authority:** Code of Alabama 1975, §§ 27-2-17, 27-15-28, 27-15-28.1, and 27-36-7

**History:** New December 1, 2003, Effective January 1, 2004.

**482-1-130-.05 Conditions.**

(1) For each plan of insurance with separate rates for smokers and nonsmokers an insurer may use any of the following:

(a) Composite mortality tables to determine minimum reserve liabilities and minimum cash surrender values and amounts of paid-up nonforfeiture benefits.

(b) Smoker and nonsmoker mortality tables to determine the valuation net premiums and additional minimum reserves, if any, required by Section 27-36-7, Code of Alabama 1975, and use composite mortality tables to determine the basic minimum reserves, minimum cash surrender values and amounts of paid-up nonforfeiture benefits.

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(c) Smoker and nonsmoker mortality to determine minimum reserve liabilities and minimum cash surrender values and amounts of paid-up nonforfeiture benefits.

(2) For plans of insurance without separate rates for smokers and nonsmokers the composite mortality tables shall be used.

(3) For the purpose of determining minimum reserve liabilities and minimum cash surrender values and amounts of paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, the 2001 CSO Mortality Table may, at the option of the company for each plan of insurance, be used in its ultimate or select and ultimate form, subject to the restrictions of Rule 482-1-130-.06 and Section 27-36-7, Code of Alabama 1975, relative to use of the select and ultimate form.

(4) When the 2001 CSO Mortality Table is the minimum reserve standard for any plan for a company, the actuarial opinion in the annual statement filed with the commissioner shall be based on an asset adequacy analysis as specified in Paragraph (1) of Rule 482-1-112-.06. A commissioner may exempt a company from this requirement if it only does business in this state and in no other state.

**Author:** Commissioner of Insurance

**Statutory Authority:** Code of Alabama 1975, §§ 27-2-17, 27-15-28, 27-15-28.1, and 27-36-7

**History:** New December 1, 2003, Effective January 1, 2004.

**429-1-130-.06 Applicability of the 2001 CSO Mortality Table to Chapter 482-1-120.**

(1) The 2001 CSO Mortality Table may be used in applying Chapter 482-1-120 in the following manner, subject to the transition dates for use of the 2001 CSO Mortality Table in Rule 482-1-130-.04.

(a) Rule 482-1-120-.03(2)(b): The net level reserve premium is based on the ultimate mortality rates in the 2001 CSO Mortality Table.

(b) Rule 482-1-120-.04(b): All calculations are made using the 2001 CSO Mortality Rate, and, if elected, the optional minimum mortality standard for deficiency reserves stipulated in Subparagraph (d) of Paragraph (1) of Rule 482-1-130-.06. The value of “ $qx+k+t-1$ ” is the valuation mortality rate for deficiency reserves in policy year  $k+t$ , but using the unmodified select mortality rates if modified select mortality rates are used in the computation of deficiency reserves.

(c) Rule 482-1-120-.05(1): The 2001 CSO Mortality Table is the minimum standard for basic reserves.

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(d) Rule 482-1-120-.05(2): The 2001 CSO Mortality Table is the minimum standard for deficiency reserves. If select mortality rates are used, they may be multiplied by X percent for durations in the first segment, subject to the conditions specified in Subparagraph (c) of Paragraph (2) of Rule 482-1-120-.05. In demonstrating compliance with those conditions, the demonstrations may not combine the results of tests that utilize the 1980 CSO Mortality Table with those tests that utilize the 2001 CSO Mortality Table, unless the combination is explicitly required by regulation or necessary to be in compliance with relevant Actuarial Standards of Practice.

(e) Rule 482-1-120-.06(3): The valuation mortality table used in determining the tabular cost of insurance shall be the ultimate mortality rates in the 2001 CSO Mortality Table.

(f) Rule 482-1-120-.06(5)(d): The calculations specified in Paragraph (5) of Rule 482-1-120-.06 shall use the ultimate mortality rates in the 2001 CSO Mortality Table.

(g) Rule 482-1-120-.06(6)(d): The calculations specified in Paragraph (6) of Rule 482-1-120-.06 shall use the ultimate mortality rates in the 2001 CSO Mortality Table.

(h) Rule 482-1-120-.06(7)(b): The calculations specified in Paragraph (7) of Rule 482-1-120-.06 shall use the ultimate mortality rates in the 2001 CSO Mortality Table.

(i) Rule 482-1-120-.07(1)(a)(2): The one-year valuation premium shall be calculated using the ultimate mortality rates in the 2001 CSO Mortality Table.

(2) Nothing in this rule shall be construed to expand the applicability of Chapter 482-1-120 to include life insurance policies exempted under Paragraph (2) of Rule 482-1-120-.03.

**Author:** Commissioner of Insurance

**Statutory Authority:** Code of Alabama 1975, §§ 27-2-17, 27-15-28, 27-15-28.1, and 27-36-7

**History:** New December 1, 2003, Effective January 1, 2004.

### **482-1-130-.07 Gender-blended Tables.**

((1) For any ordinary life insurance policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state on and after January 1, 2004, that utilizes the same premium rates and charges for male and female lives or is issued in circumstances where applicable law does not permit distinctions on the basis of gender, a mortality table that is a blend of the 2001 CSO Mortality Table (M) and the 2001 CSO Mortality Table (F) may, at the option of the company for each plan of insurance, be substituted for the 2001 CSO Mortality Table for

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use in determining minimum cash surrender values and amounts of paid-up nonforfeiture benefits. No change in minimum valuation standards is implied by this paragraph.

(2) The company must choose from among the blended tables developed by the American Academy of Actuaries CSO Task Force and adopted by the NAIC in December 2002. These blended tables are available from the Alabama Department of Insurance or the internet by accessing [www.ALDOI.gov](http://www.ALDOI.gov).

(3) It shall not, in and of itself, be a violation of Sections 27-12-1, et seq., Code of Alabama 1975, for an insurer to issue the same kind of policy of life insurance on both a sex-distinct and sex-neutral basis.

**Author:** Commissioner of Insurance

**Statutory Authority:** Code of Alabama 1975, §§ 27-2-17, 27-15-28, 27-15-28.1, and 27-36-7

**History:** New December 1, 2003, Effective January 1, 2004.

**482-1-130-.08 Separability.** If any provision of this chapter or its application to any person or circumstance is for any reason held to be invalid, the remainder of the chapter and the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected.

**Author:** Commissioner of Insurance

**Statutory Authority:** Code of Alabama 1975, §§ 27-2-17, 27-15-28, 27-15-28.1, and 27-36-7

**History:** New December 1, 2003, Effective January 1, 2004.

**482-1-130-.09 Effective Date.** This chapter shall become effective January 1, 2004, upon its approval by the Commissioner of Insurance and upon its having been on file as a public document in the office of the Secretary of State for ten days.

**Author:** Commissioner of Insurance

**Statutory Authority:** Code of Alabama 1975, §§ 27-2-17, 27-15-28, 27-15-28.1, and 27-36-7

**History:** New December 1, 2003, Effective January 1, 2004.